MESSENGER

Vol. 24 No. 1 Autumn, 1921

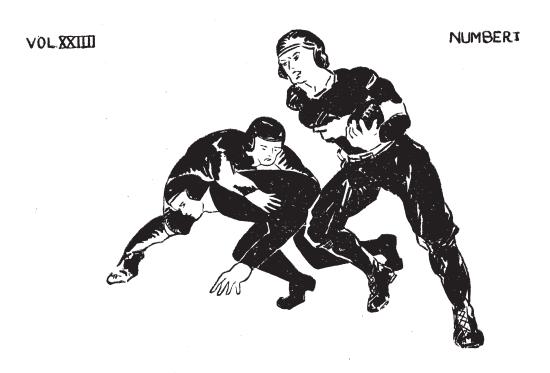
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THEMESSENGER

ST STEPHENS COLLEGE



AUTUMN NUMBER

ANNANDALE ON HUDSON N.Y.



Why Is Iron Magnetic?

Ahorse-shoe magnet attracts a steel needle. But why? We don't know exactly. We do know that electricity and magnetism are related.

In dynamos and motors we apply electro-magnetic effects. All our power-stations, lighting systems, electric traction and motor drives, even the ignition systems of our automobiles, depend upon these magnetic effects which we use and do not understand.

Perhaps if we understood them we could utilize them much more efficiently. Perhaps we could discover combinations of metals more magnetic than iron.

The Research Laboratories of the General Electric Company investigate magnetism by trying to find out more about electrons and their arrangement in atoms.

X-rays have shown that each iron atom consists of electrons grouped around a central nucleus—like planets around an infinitesimal sun. X-rays enable us to some extent to see into the atom and may at last reveal to us what makes for magnetism.

This is research in pure science, and nothing else. Only thus can real progress be made.

Studies of this kind are constantly resulting in minor improvements. But some day a discovery may be made which will enable a metallurgist to work out the formula for a magnetic alloy which has not yet been cast, but which will surely have the properties required. Such a result would be an achievement with tremendous possibilities. It would improve all electric generators, motors, and magnetic devices.

In the meantime the continual improvement in electrical machinery proceeds, in lesser steps. These summed up, constitute the phenomenal progress experienced in the electrical art during the past twenty-five years.



FRAGMENT

An old man,
Burning the first flakes of autumn's russet storm,
Stands in the leaf smoke, rake in hand.
Watching it merge into a grayer sky
He lifts his bearded head
His eyes look into the far-away.

Save these copies. At the end of this year they can be bound into a year book for a permanent record.

There are two distinct parts to the Messenger this year,—the news review section and the literary section one to record for you what the men of this college in the years 1921-'22 are doing and why they are doing it; the other, to record what these men are thinking and why they are thinking it. As in any new undertaking this publication will undoubtedly contain its share of flaws and mistakes. But like the aged gardner who plants the tiny sprout expecting not to enjoy the fruit in his own time, we feel that if future generations harvest rich fruit in their time from this tree planted in our own day,—if future boards shall bring our purpose somewhere near its proper realization—we shall not have entirely failed.

To the casual observer the achievements of the football team may appear quite mediocre. To those acquainted with actual conditions, however, they appear most satisfying and even remarkable. A clean, hard fighting eleven, capable of holding their own against tremendous odds, has been developed. Colleges, hitherto regarded as beyond the St. Stephen's sphere, have been encountered an held successfully. A real recognition in the field of intercolligiate sports has come to us at last. A point has been reached where we must go forward or turn backward. This decision rests not with the men who represent the college on the various teams, but with the student body at large and with the alumni and friends.

The size of the college demands a great abundance of spirit. The members of the student body must pull hard for their teams. They must encourage them at every turn, back them to the limit. Practice should be well attended. The day before a game should find every student on the sidelines. The game itself should be played and won by the spirit and strength manifested by the whole college.

The alumni and friends of St. Stephen's should pull hard for the teams in still another way, by supporting them financially. It would be indeed unfortunate to allow such a consideration to hamper our progress. Funds are urgently needed for the continuance of the program. This is vital obligation on your part.

Now that an opportunity has come let us all stand and pull together for our teams, let us see our Alma Mater ascend to her true place in the realm of intercollegiate sports and in so doing work for the greater St. Stephen's.

All of us realize the prominent and vital part played in the administration of our college by Mr. Haley Fiske, Trustee. Mr. Fiske has been confined to bed all summer with a painful affliction of the hip. Through this editorial we wish to convey to Mr. Fiske on behalf of all his friends here at St. Stephen's our hearty wishes for his speedy recovery.

APATHY?

A land flowing with milk and honey-prosperity everywhere-happiness everywher—and the people lulled into slumber because of abundant fortune. Was that the case when suddenly an international fiddle string broke in 1914 leaving almost an utter absence of harmony?

War! Scarehead type blazons it forth. Yes, war! The youth of the land springs to arms. Leaving his home behind him to the possible ravages of profiteers, slackers, and enemy aliens; across seas filled with depth bombs, submarines, and hostile battleships; through air-raided cities overflowing with wounded and dying; past shrieking, gasping neighbors; over devastated areas; to the front line or battle he goes, the flower of his country. He meets with shrapnel traps and torture, starvation and disease. He struggles bravely to adapt himself to his new environment while his people at home deprive themselves even of food that he may live. Then



THE MESSENGER

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During the course of its existence in the realm of newspaperdom the Messenger has had multiple and diverse personalties. Sometimes it has been a little magazine with much news, sometimes a big newspaper with little news, sometimes a cross between the two, often a combina-

known shapes, sizes and forms; it has been resplendent with all colors and designs. In fact, the Messenger has been everything, but the chief difficulty, we believe, is that it has not been anything-always an aggregation, never a unit, always a complex, never a single definite thing with a single definite purpose. This year it is our aim as far as possible to unify its purpose, to create a Messenger with a distinct and single message.

Before stating this purpose let us consider briefly the conditions of the Messenger as we find them. It has been the fate of almost every Messenger Board of the past to stand alone at the helm, unable to secure any cooperation on the part of students and alumni and, thus, the first editorial of each year's initial number has become the traditional space employed by the editors to lament loudly and publicly this fact to ears that never seemed to hear.

But, Mirabile dictu, we earnestly believe that this condition is in the process of disappearing. Most of the Alumni have in their letters shown an active interest, the business staff has met advertisers who were actually glad to advertise, and, most important of all, a perfect deluge of material has rained upon the bewildered editors,a storm unknown to even the oldest weather prophets in the village of Annandale.

Now, as to the purpose of the Messenger, we have decided that the college is in real need of a record magazine. Histories are necessary to record for the world the deeds of all generations. Perhaps our own deeds here are not going to greatly affect humanity as a whole, still this is our world for four years, and years in tion of both. It has assumed all which our history is in the making.

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comes the zero hour, he makes the supreme sacrifice. The life of a dutiful son, a kind and tender husband, a strong father, a loving brother, has been snuffed out. But his buddies fight on.

A great day comes,

Peace! The armistice is signed. Peace! From tongue to tongue the news leaps with electric rapidity. The populace goes temporarily insane with joy. Sirens, whistles, horns, and wash boilers unite in one mighty din. And many a head is bowed in thanksgiving, and many a heart gives praise.

Yes, shout and weep with joy, Glad Heart, to God give the thanks and the praise; but forget not the wake of starvation and disease, death and desolation which inevitably follows on the heels of that monster, Mars. In the time of triumph tighten your armor, for the War against War is not yet won. Lilies may bloom on Flanders Field but secret treaties and closed doors still exist and great nations have not yet learned how to live side by side in a spirit of mutual understanding and international goodwill.

But peace must reign if the human race is not to be wiped out of existence; for man has become so ingenious and clever in handling his machines of destruction that the cost of any future war in money, material, and life would be too terrific to bear. Modern warfare is not only an economic and a scientific struggle, it is a disease which, if not eradicated by our civilization, will annihilate humanity.

We like to visualize life as evolving progressively ever higher and higher, always toward something better and finer, not as a vicious, purposeless circle from barbarism to civilization to barbarism again. If this ideal is to be realized, we must have lasting peace.

The rapid increase of armament today constitutes not only a menace to civilization but a challenge to Christianity. Will the moral issue be squarely met? Will we discard national greed and selfishness? Will we, for the greatest good of the greatest number, give wholesale slaughter its death blow? Will we DO IT NOW?

To the Alumni:

Each year we ask the same thing of you, and each year we do it with more regret, yet always with confidence that you will answer our appeal. For what? Contributions to the Athletic Association, for the carrying out of our schedules as the college goes forward year by year in an attempt to bring the name of St. Stephen's to to those who do not know us in the field of sports.

This year we have had a hard schedule. We have played such teams as the Connecticut Aggies, and Buffalo University. Equipment, travelling expenses, and other necessary expenditures have reduced the state of the treasury to almost nothing. Can we count on you to help us out? Each year we receive more offers to play bigger colleges, but most of these we turn down because of insufficient funds.

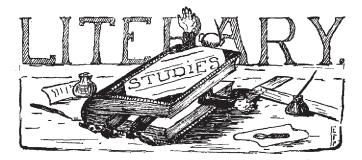
We want to put teams on enemy fields that you will be proud of, and we also want you to be able to say with the grads of the big college, "Yes, St. Stephen's played them too, and beat them," but we can't do it without help.

Send contributions to Alban Richey, Jr., Treasurer of the Athletic Association, and you will see the Red and White of St. Stephen's flying higher than ever before.

Prom.

The Junior Promenade will be held in the Gymnasium on the eighteenth of November. Mr. John B. Lyte is Prom. Chairman, and has Messrs. Randolph, Kroll, and Otto Simmons for his able committeemen. Dancing will be from nine o'clock until two, Zita's orchestra furnishing the music.

Incidently it has been suggested that to make the dance a permanent success, the Junior Class might arrange with the Labor Unions to call the general strike for the nineteenth of November.



The Going.

Tonight I heard the last geese going South

And saw against the crimson cloud splotched sky

Their trailing V, as from its open mouth

There drained warm Summer's blood. I saw her die.

And as she gently slipped o'er evening's edge.

I saw the speeding travellers turn and fly,

As though they felt the tearing of its claws,

Away from Northwind, rustling through the sedge.

The drying oak leaves through the murky dusk

Their scratchy whisper send along the

pond.

A whisper laden with the cloying

musk
Of sweet-fern, held within each
clutching frond.

The drying fern—the smell of earthy mould—

The rustling leaves—the ice along the shore—

I feel the grip of sudden dead'ning cold.

The flers gone to come again no more.

W. W. V. '25.

Ladders.

Sunbeams making ladders
All along the street,
Where there's treading, treading,
treading,
Of many tired feet.

Tall the misty ladders, High walls must be spanned; Where their slender lines are leading Few can understand.

They who climb the ladders
See, beyond the street,
Paths through daisied meadows winding,
Waiting for their feet.

Yet few use the ladders, Most trudge in the dust, Who can think but of their trudging. Since it's trudge they must.

John Mills Gilbert.

A SUMMER IN EUROPE.

By Bernard Iddings Bell.

At the request of the editorial board of the Messenger I am glad to let its readers know something in outline of the trip through Europe which I took last summer in vacation time.

The trip was two-fold in purpose.

The first part of it was spent in England as a representative of this college, studying the administration and the atmosphere of Oxford and Cambridge. Our own St. Stephen's is trying, as we all know, to maintain, in conjunction with American academic methods and standards, the mode of life, intimate, scholarly, somewhat reserved yet very cheery, informal yet with dignity, of the British as distinct from the continental type of university. I had been feeling that I ought to go to England, to see how since the war these old colleges were going on, to ascertain what new values if any were emerging there, to observe how the old values were effecting and being effected by

the restlessness of post-war manhood.

For a month, therefore, I travelled about England. Outside of the universities the places that come to me most happily in memory are Chester. whose old walls and quaint houses are a great relief to one somewhat too long at sea; Stratford on a Sunday. when few tourists are there and the Shaksperean relics are locked away and the people punt on the Avon at sunset while the village band plays in the park; the village rectory at Nuneham, in Oxfordshire, with a long view up the Thames to where Christ Church towers pierce the evening sky some twenty miles away, a view from a quaint old garden where pear trees are trained like vines against the walls, and where the rectory family are as much in the picture as though a modern Trollope had panited them in, and there is laughter and good cheer; and the cathedral at Birmingham at noon-day, with Woodbine Willy preaching to great crowds who alternately shouted with laughter and hung silently on the preacher's words.

My visit to Oxford was not well timed for my purpose. Although it was a great privilege to be there when nearly two thousand priests were present for the Anglo-Catholic Convention, still I had come to see the dons, and the dons had for the most part departed until the avalanche of parsons might subside. I did meet some, however, who told me second hand of the post-war Oxford.

At Cambridge conditions were more happy for my purpose. Through the kindness of Sir Geoffrey Butler, librarian at Corpus Christi and Professor of International Law to the University, I was admitted to the intimacy of the high-table at that college for several days. Sir Geoffrey put me up in his own quarters, which I shared with another visitor, Sir Sydney Chapman of the British Board of Trade. It was vacation time, of course, but about half the undergraduates were still in residence, reading privately, and three fourths of the high table were still in Cambridge. There were some very stimulating evenings at table with the Fellows of Corpus and their guests. Particularly do I remember Mr. Will Spens, a mathematics man who writes better theology than most of those on that faculty; Mr. T. H. Lyon the architect, who has just completed a wonderful new chapel for Sydney Sussex College; Sir Ernest Rutherford the physicist, a bluff Australian whose jollity at table would never lead one to suppose that he divides atoms into their component parts and performs other marvels in that most spiritual of all sciences, Physics: Mr. Geoffrey Morris, whose enthusiasm for the classics is exceeded only by his delight in ritual archaeologically correct; Mr. Robert Thouless, a young psychologist with original ideas about the relation of his science to religion, who was just leaving Cambridge for Manchester; Mr. A. E. Houseman, who wrote the immortal "Shropshire Lad" in an interval between sarcastic commentaries on Latin texts; the Reverend Geoffrey Clayton, rector of Little St. Mary's, who asked me to preach there at their dedication festival one Sunday morning, a proper pastor and a lovely fellow; and best of all, Sir Geoffrey Butler himself, ever alert, ever kindly, in all things interested, a benevolent fairy god-father sort of person, delightful.

The second portion of my trip was on the continent, representing the World Student Christian Federation. This organization is composed of Christian students in twenty-one countries, and during the past year has distributed well up to a million of dollars' worth of aid to the impoverished students of Central Europe. It was to see this work, that I might make any suggestions about it which occurred to me and that I might assist in raising more money from American students wherewith to continue this relief, that my visit was made.

During the six weeks that I was on the Continent, I visited seven countries—France, Switzerland, Germany, Poland, Austria, Czecho-Slovakia, and Hungary—and the following centres of higher learning: Paris, Geneva,

Bern, Heidelburg, Berlin, Dresden, Warsaw, Krakow, Vienna, and the universities at Prague. I met a great number of interesting and imformed people, statesmen, professors, priests and preachers, authors, musicians and undergraduates. The trip was a liberal education to me, of course, who had never had an opportunity to visit these countries before and now went from place to place under circumstances more illuminating than those of most people who travel. For the first time I have seen the problems of occidental higher education as a whole, and have realized, as before I was incapable of doing, the essential solidarty of the world's intelligentsia. I came to see, too, that what hope there is of a peaceable and reconstructed world rests upon the possibility of an integrated world student body, mutually understanding, mutually helpful in need. To me, therefore, relief of our student brethren in Europe is in no sense to be regarded as mere charity. It is an expression, today the most needed and most fruitful expression, of world brotherhood.

Of all this, however, I have spoken by word of mouth in my lecture in September. There is scarcely need to repeat here what there was said. Let it suffice to say that on the second of September I set sail from the Havre for America and for Annandale, gateful for illuminating experiences, I think, better capable of bringing about the sort of thing we wish to develop here, with a new vision of world solidarity, and a firm determination to do my small best to rouse America to her magnificient opportunity, gifted as she is with wealth and vitality, of aiding the weak and of establishing international goodwill.

Aspiration.

In this land where Nature rules supreme.

I love to wend my way; Where torrents roar, and brooklets babble. And both roll in their play

To the glorious green-banked Hudson stream

And you romantic bay.

'Tis Heaven, my dear, to stroll with

'Mid sweet perfumed flowers, To watch the happy, prattling birds: In their cozy little bowers. I crave the day when you'll be mine? And a love nest will be ours.

And as I roam about the wood, Thinking oft of you, The very flowers rise up to tell

Me you will be ever true. Each one I pluck is a kiss from you And our love begins anew.

And when from care, and study, and worry.

I want to run away, I trace my course to a shady nook

That overlooks the bay;

And there I think and dream of you And give my fancy play.

I can but think that this beautiful place

Was made for you and me:

The brooks, the flowers, and all the birds

Sing constantly of thee. If only you were here, my love, How happy we would be.

"'Tis hard to be barred from the one you love,"

You often sadly write:

But remember, my love, that after the night

Comes sunshine, celestial and bright.

And now I must learn my Latin and Greek

And how to be your delight. George Fitz-Gerald.

Eastwind. Westward he goes with a tang of the

Tossing the gulls and the ployers on high:

Stopping, to pull off a leaf from a tree, He whirls 'round a corner, and whistles good-bye.

Over the woods—spinning 'round the farm's mill;

Downward he darts churning up the gray pond;

Dashing through valleys, he runs up a hill.

Then jumps o'er the mountains-to back of beyond.

W. W. V. '25.

From a College Lover to His Recalcitrant Mistress.

Oh lady fair. I sit me down to write With weeping eye and overflowing heart.

A letter which I fear you'll not requite Unless from your fixed custom you depart;

To you I've many an anxious letters

Then sat me down to wait 'twixt hope and fear,

For you I many a bitter tear have shed

As your cold silence made my life more drear.

Oh lady, hear my plea, fulfill my dream!

Answer this message that to you I've wrote-

The prof will not accept it as a theme, I've got to use the stuff—and you're the goat.

L. M. M. '25.

They met at a dance, and after a Tel 71-F-2 few dances together they sat out. Silence followed.

He looked at her, and she looked at him. More silence.

Then at last George said: "Daisy,

will you be my ———."

"Oh George," cried Daisy, "this is so sudden! Give me a little ———."

"Partner for the next dance," continued George.

"To get my breath back," also continued Daisy between puffs.

Never make love in a buggy for horses carry tales.

"A CORDIAL WELCOME" Smiles Padlox



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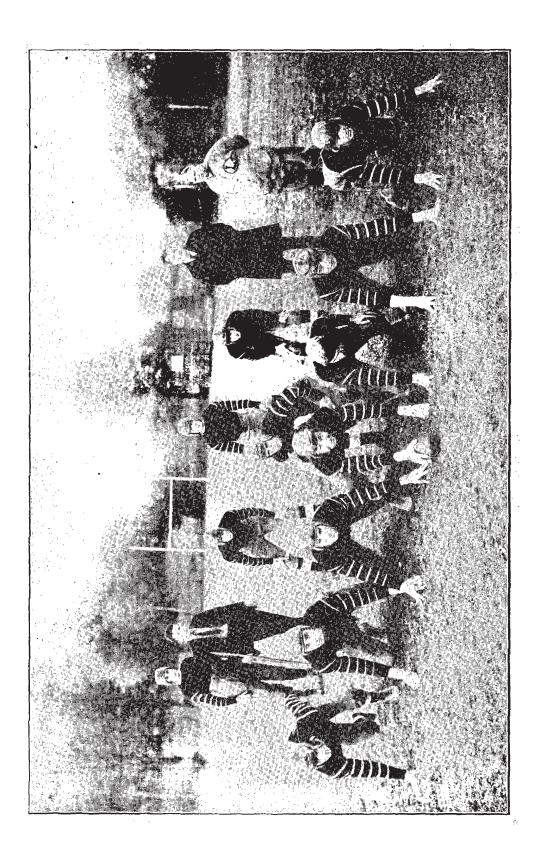
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News Review

FOOTBALL, 1921

The football season of 1921 to date has been far more successful than that of 1920, both in the interest manifested by the college at large, and the actual results attained by the team representing the Crimson and White. With eight of last year's team back the squad started practice immediately after the opening of college, and by September 24th, the date of the opening game, the eleven was further advanced than at any time during the 1920 season. About 28 men reported at the opening of the season, and the early workouts developed the fact that we were to have a second team that would offer far greater resistance to the 'Varsity than that of last year. Of the new men Deloria, Coulthard, King, Noble, Judd, Smith, Angell, Crunden and Willard looked the most promising, while the old men, although lighter in weight than they were in 1920, took up the work with the determination to secure better results in 1921.

The St. Lawrence Game.

On September 24th the team met Saint Lawrence, who had defeated us in 1921 by a score of 35 to 0. Outweighed at least 20 pounds to the man the St. Stephen's eleven played a hard snappy game against their heavier opponents, and carried the fight continually to the up-state team, making them work their hardest for every point gained. Five times during the game they held the St. Lawrence team in the shadow of their own goal posts for downs and took the ball away from them. During the first period the ball moved back and forth, the only score being a 35 yard drop kick by Atwood, the St. Lawrence quarter. During the second and third periods the team fought like tigers and the opponents were unable to score although they used all the relief men Fisher and Stewart through injuries.

available. In the last period, a long forward pass from Atwood to Smith brought the ball to the St. Stephen's eight yard line, and on their fourth down. McAllister carried the ball over for the only touchdown of the game. The Crimson and White made a determined effort to score, and carried the ball more than half way the length of the field during the last minutes of the game, but were unable to get it over the line before the whistle announced the end of the game. The officials of the game complimented the team on their game efforts, and upon the clean and sportmanlike play of the eleven, the referee stating that it was the cleanest game that he had ever handled. Atwood, McAllister and Smith starred for the St. Lawrence team, and Coffin, Langdon and Coulthard for St. Stephen's. The lineup was as follows:

St. Lawrence.	St. Stephen's.
Gooden L. I	E Simmons
Tillinghas L. T	Langdon
Reamon L.	G Judd
Osgood C	Coffin
Kane R. (Stewart
Rea R. T	Lyte
Carroll R. H	E Wellford
Atwood Q. 1	B Simmonds
Smith L. H	. B Deloria
Miller R. H.	B White
McAllister F.	

Substitutes for St. Stephen's: Richey for Simmonds, Smith for Stewart, Noble for Wellford, all in the fourth period.

The final score of the game was 10 to 0 in favor of St. Lawrence, twentyfive points less than their score against us last year.

No game was played on the following Saturday. During the awo weeks practice before the Eastman game, four promising men were lost to the team: Coulthard, dropped for absence from the college; Willard, who was obliged to drop football in order to give more time to his studies; and

On October 8th, Eastman College, who had been defeated by St. Stephen's in 1920 by a score of 7 to 6, were met at Zabriskie Field, and after a hard battle on a muddy field in a driving rain, were sent back with a 34 to 0 defeat scored against them. St. Stephen's scored in every quarter, and while the Eastman team showed a stubborn defense, they were never dangerous. With several ex-college stars in their lineup, they offered a scrappy game, but their offense was somewhat weak, and they were unable to carry the ball when it reached the danger zone. Bennett. Goodfellow and Miller excelled for Eastman. while Deloria, White, Richey, Coffin. and Langdon starred for the Crimson and White.

Eastman.		St. Stephen's
Watson	L. E	Šimmons
Traver	L. T	Langdon
Berard	L. G	Judd
Wells	C	Coffin
Lorh	R. G	Angell
Abernathy	В. Т.	Lyte
Bennett	R. E	Wellford
Miller	Q. B.	Richey
Booth	L. H. B.	Simmonds
		White
Kelton	F B	Deloria
11010011	E. D	Delolla

Substitutions for St. Stephen's: Noble for Simmonds, Smith for Angell, King for Judd.

The Poughkeepsie Star in its writeup of the game said "the St. Stephen's team are a big improvement this year over anything that they have been in previous seasons."

During the week of practice preceding the Connecticut Aggie game, the eleven suffered another setback in the loss of Deloria, the Freshman fullback, who broke a small bone in the ankle while trying to dodge a tackler, making it necessary to again change the backfield combination.

The Connecticut Aggie Game.

On October 15th the eleven journeyed by auto to Storrs, Conn., to meet the Conn. Aggies, who had given them their worst defeat of the 1920 season, by a score of 63 to 0, and although again greatly outweighed, succeeded in holding their opponents

to a 21 to 0 score. The Hartfort Courant, in its report of the game said the following: "In a game replete with sensational football, Connecticut Aggies defeated the fast St. Stephen's eleven 21 to 0, on Gardner Dow Field this afternoon. The St. Stephen's eleven was of an entirely different makeup than the one which went down to a 63 to 0 defeat at the hands of the Aggies last season, and it forced the Connecticut Sate eleven to travel at top speed for the greater part of the game." The Aggie with their heavy backfield, and heavier veteran line presented a massed interference that was very difficult to stop. but the Crimson and White team did nobly, and made them work their hardest for every foot they made. Connecticut scored in the first period through the sensational work of Baxter, behind a great interference. In the second period, after a stubborn defense, Stull carried the ball over the St. Stephen's line for their second touchdown. A few minutes after the third quarter started, Hammil with excellent interference raced 70 yards for Connecticut's final touchdown. For the rest of the quarter and throughout the fourth quarter, the ball see-sawed back and forth. For a while it looked as though St. Stephen's was going to score, but fresh men were hurried into the Aggie lineup. and the team was unable to get the ball over the goal lines. A placement kick was tried but the ball fell short, and the game closed without further scoring. Baxter, Stull, and Hammill held the limelight for the Aggies, while the whole St. Stephen's team, especially Langdon, White, Richey, Simmonds and Noble, played real football.

Connecticut Aggies St. Stephen's Frostholm L. E. Simmons Clark L. T. Langdon Juralwotz L. G. Judd Graf C. Coffin Prentice R. G. Angell Ashman R. T. Lyte Eddy R. E. Wellford Baxter Q. B. Richey Mikowski L. H. B. Noble Stull R. H. B. White Daley F. B. Simmonds

'HE MESSENGER

Substitution: for St. Stephen's, King for Angell, Smith for Simmonds; for Connecticut Aggies, Hammil for Baxter, McNiff for Stull, Ryan for Mikowski, Quigley for Frostholm, Boas for Eddy, Scleicert for Printice.

Again injuries of a minor nature took their toll from the squad, and during the two weeks preceding the Buffalo game, Sayre, and Petscheldt of the Scrubs were incapacitated for the rest of the season. And here let us note that the work of the Scrubs, faithful and hard, has played a great part in the development of the eleven. But for their plucky and stubborn work against the 'Varsity, the team would not have reached the efficiency of their present organization. All honor to them.

On October 29th, the team traveled to Buffalo to play the University of Buffalo, a new face on the St. Stephen's schedule, and while they met with a setback, the score does not show the plucky fight that the team put up against a team which outweighed and outclassed the Crimson and White eleven. With such stars as Joor of Syracuse University, Cudahay and Jordan of Notre Dame, and others of lesser magnitude on the Buffalo eleven, the team faced a difficult proposition, and while they were defeated by a large score, they kept up the fight to the end and made a determined last ditch rally that nearly resulted in a score. Buffalo was unable to score in the first quarter, so stubborn was the St. Stephen's defense, and during the second quarter, their heavier and more experienced team was held to two scores, both long runs by Joor, the clever open field runner and quarterback of the Buffalo team, but the task of holding their heavier opponents proved to much for the St. Stephen's team, coupled with the fact of injuries to ankles and knees due to the "cutting down" tactics of Buffalo, and during the second half the speedy Joor and Murphy scored five more touchdowns against the weary and crippled Crimson and White team making the final score 52 to 0. Noble had to be taken from the game in a dazed condition after a hard tackle

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of Joor, and both Angell and Wellford with injured knees, shortly after the third period started, and as a consequence several of the 'Varsity men were forced to stay in the game when their efficiency had been impaired through bad knees or ankles. But they put up a game fight, and gave the best they had until the final whistle. The score did not represent the real margin between the teams.

, - ,	
U. of Buffalo	St. Stephen's
Alfrieri L. E.	Simmons
Cudahay L. T.	Langdon
Frigoletti L. G.	Angell
Fisher C .	Coffin
Bash R. G.	Judd
Ailinger R. T.	
Bardy R. E.	Wellford
Joor Q. B.	Richev
Welte L. H. I	B Noble
Murphy R. H.	B White
Jordon F. B.	

Substitutions: for St. Stephen's, King for Wellford Kroll for Angell, Smith for Noble.

The N. Y. M. A. Game.

In a game replete with good football St. Stephen's battled with New York Military Academy to a 13-13 tie on Zabriskie Field Monday, November 4th. The visitors presented a line-up that outweighed the crimson and the white team by a wide margin. With dogged persistence and bulldog tenacity the Academy team was prevented from carrying off a victory. Last year St. Stephen's was at the losing end of a 27-17 score.

Early in the first period Noble intercepted a forward pass and raced across the goal for an S. S. C. touchdown. Richey missed the goal leaving the score 6-0. A forward pass in the second period was received by Mericle, who was brought down on the 10 yard line by Richey. A few minutes later Seigh plunged over the line for a touchdown. Then Eddy kicked the goal, making the score 7-6 in favor of N. Y. M. A. In the third period the Academy eleven secured the ball on St. Stephen's 40 yard line on a fumble and, dispite the desperate resistence of the Annandale team, with massed interference pushed the ball up the field until Seigh carried the ball down. Eddy missed the goal leaving the score 13-6.

Fighting desperately to tie the score, the St. Stephen's team gave its best during the last period. Spectacular end runs by Noble and White of S. S. C. were off set by the brilliant line plunging of Adams and Seigh. In the final effort Richey hurled a long forward pass to Noble. Leaping in the air Noble smothered the ball and fell across the line for the coveted touchdown. A moment later Richey had kicked the goal making the score 13-13. Both teams struggled fiercely during the four and a half minutes remaining for the deciding tally but the whistle blew with the ball in St. Stephen's possession on the N. Y. M. A. 36 yard line.

The whole St. Stephen's team played well, although still suffering from injuries of the Buffalo game, but the work of Noble stood out as sensational. Adair was the shining light of N. Y. M. A. together with Seigh and MacCrury.

This game marked the close of the season, the one with Albany for the twelfth having been cancelled.

> P. S. PRINCE, Director Athletics.

The President Lectures.

On Monday evening, October 3. President Bell delivered the first lecture of the winter's program to a large audience composed of undergraduates and neighbors of St. Stephen's College. The lecture was on conditions in Central Europe, especially as they affect the college and university students. The President had the opportunity of interviewing many of the most important men in the countries he visited and was able to get. in a short time, a great amount of information, and an idea of conditions. which a casual observer could not possibly have gained. The lecture, tersely and interestingly set forth, contained many timely anedotes and left in the listeners' minds a sharp and clearcut picture of the horrible state of afover the line for their second touch- fairs in Central Europe today.

THE PRINCETON INTERCOLLEGI-ATE CONFERENCE ON THE WORLD LIMITATIONS OF ARMAMENTS.

On October 26, 1921, delegates from forty Eastern universities and colleges assembled at Princeton to confer upon the World Limitation and Reduction of Armaments. Eightytwo delegates were present.

The motive in calling such a Conference was to stimulate discussion of the question in the colleges, with the possible view of ultimately calling for a straw vote upon the principle of the limitation of armaments. To partially quote an editorial from the Cornell Daily Sun:

"If all the students of all the American universities could say in unison, "We want disarmment," the international assemblage of conferees at Washington might hear them."

Upon their arrival the delegates were cordially received and made to feel at home immediately. They were lodged in the Upper Class Clubs, the St., Stephen's delegates, Messrs. Turney-High and Leonhard, being the guests of the Tower Club.

The first meeting of delegates at 3 P. M. was very ably presided over by Mr. T. C. McEachin, chairman of the committee on arrangements, appointed by the Princeton Senior Council.

Dr. John Grier Hibben, President of Princeton University, delivered the address of welcome and read telegrams from President Harding and Secretary of State Hughes which he said constituted high approval of the conference.

President Harding's Telegram:

"My very cordial greetings to college conference meeting at Princeton to discuss the problem incident to international agreement on the Limitation of Armament. Knowing as I do the sincerity of American purpose free from every phase of national selfishness, it is most gratifying to know the college thought of the republic is being exercised helpfully to commit the sentiment of our country and the

world to real achievements. A great service to this generation may prove vastly greater to generations yet to

Secretary Hughes' Telegram.

"The State Department welcomes the aid of public spirited citizens in furthering the objects of the Conference on the Limitation of Armament and keenly desires to facilitate all who are engaged in the effort to give accurate information and develop sound opinion."

According to President Hibben, if there is another war within the next ten or fifteen years "you (students) will be the ones to bear the burden of the war; we of the older generation will be relegated to the side lines." And, "You have every hight to speak for your day and generation" * * * "I claim and know you feel * * * we can if we act courageously and wisely. remove the necessity of war." He added that this may be the beginning of a great movement and that we may get an incentive to dedicate ourselves to this great task.

At the request of Dr. John R. Mott, President Hibben brought to the attention of the conference the Student Friendship Fund through which we are urged to give as liberally and freely as possible to students in foreign lands. This money is to go for providing food for foreign students who are really suffering from hunger. President Hibben suggested that this would be a practical way to show international sympathy.

Captain Norman S. Mackie, an officer in the air service during the war and aide de camp to General Biddle, was the first speaker. He pointed out that it is the economic factor we have most to fear. Future wars will not arise from militarism or lust for empire, but from the desire of nations to gain markets for their products. America because of its position as the greatest and most powerful nation in the world, must lead in bringing about universal limitation of armament. The 1922 budget of the United States for military preparation is twice the amount of the German indemnity. Captain Mackie went on to say, "It was the youth of this country who answered the call to arms and * * * it is the youth who must with a great compelling voice demand that the conference will be successful." The conference at Washington, he said, should be conducted in a magnanimous way and should be open so that all can see what is going on. He ended by saying "If at the outset naval programs can be dispensed with, the conference will then, I believe be a success."

Professor E. W. Kemmerer, a member of the Princeton University faculty and an authority upon economics and statistics then explained a number of graphic charts. Some of these charts were prepared by Colonel Leonard Ayres for the War Department and were taken from his book entitled "The War with Germany." Others were compiled by Dr. Kemmerer himself who declares that "Our expenditures in this war were sufficient to have carried on the Revolutionary War for 1000 years at the rate of expenditure which that actually cost," and "The direct cost of the war was about \$22,000,000,000. or nearly enough to pay the entire cost of the running of the United States Government from 1791 to the outbreak of the European War." He asserted that the direct cost of the World War was \$186,000,000,000. and that there is now in circulation in the United States only six billion dollars. The charts graphically illustrated how the expenses of our Government has risen from \$204,188,650. in 1888 to \$2,-959,085,962. in 1920 and how of the latter 92.8% went toward paying for past and future wars, while only 3.2% went toward administration of the government, 3% toward public works and 1% toward public welfare. This 1% for public welfare was divided approximately as follows: Agriculture and natural resources, 34%; education, $\frac{1}{8}\%$; public health, 1-14%; labor, 1-100%.

Thus was the economic cost of war shown to be enormous, but, according to Dr. Kemmerer, "The big cost of

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war is the cost of human life, and life cannot be measured in dollars." He stated that the population of New Jersey is a little over 3,000,000 and that the loss of human life in the recent war was $2\frac{1}{2}$ times that number. Also that, in about 1915, in all the preparatory and advanced institutions of learning in the United States there were approximately 1,900,000 persons in attendance. Four times that number were killed in this war. Many of them were the best. The biological stock of the world is going to be much poorer because so much of the best stock has been wiped out of existence.

Major Van Santvoord Merle-Smith spoke next. He was the Third Assistant Secretary of State under the Wilson Administration after having served with the 42nd Division on the French front and having been decorated for conspicuous bravery. Hence he was able to add the weight of authority to a charming, forceful personality in driving home his principal point: the important part played by public opinion. He said, "I doubt wether you realize the tremendous affect of public opinion particularly in the handling of foreign relations." He stated that he had drafted many and many a note to foreign governments in which our Department of State declared that it could not do thus and so because it believed that public opinion was against it. He pointed out what student opinion has accomplished in the past in England, China, Turkey, and Russia and called upon the delegates to articulate student opinion throughout the United States quickly, and then co-ordinate the student opinion in foreign countries.

Mr. Robert Wilberforce, British representative, read the following telegram from the Rt. Hon. H. A. L. Fisher, President of the Board of Education of Great Britain:

"I am confident that I am voicing the opinion of the educational influences throughout England when I say that we extend our warmest wishes to the delegates of American universities who are meeting at Princeton to

discuss the subject of the limitation of armaments. We ardently hope for fruitful results from the considerations at the forthcoming conference at Washington on the question. It is of all political problems the most essential to the welfare of the people of every nation."

Following the reading of three messages of felicitation from the Pan-American Union, the National Council on the Limitation of Armaments, and the Pan-American Student League, the chairman oppointed six men from different colleges on a committee to frame a set of resolutions, and the meeting was thrown open to discussion.

Once started the discussion did not lag. A number of the delegates had come with definite programs which they submitted for the consideration of the conference. This fact seems to show that the topic of disarmament must be a live one in the institutions which they represented and that it had been for a long time.

Mr. T. F. Tsiang, a Chinese student from Columbia University called to attention the relations between China and Japan, emphasizing the Shantung question. Without a doubt it was largely due to Mr. Tsiang's efforts that the Far Eastern question received such a prominent place in the resolutions.

As a result of the debate it was decided that the resolutions should be general rather than specific and that the organization to carry on the work started by the conference should be according to states rather than general location.

The delegates from each state met separately and each state group chose one man to represent it on a general committee which will direct the progress of the work.

The general committee consists of: C. Denby, Jr., Princeton, New Jersey.

G. C. Engel, Johns Hopkins, Maryland.

F. H. Horan, Dartmouth, New Hampshire.

M. P. Baker, Harvard, Massachusetts.

G. G. Carter, University of Delaware, Delaware.

C. S. Newhard, Brown, Rhode Island.

W. H. Kiernan, Wesleyan, Connect-

J. C. Packard, Bowdoin, Maine.

J. E. Flynn, C. C. N. Y., New York. E. E. Overdorf, Penn. State, Pennsvlvania.

A. W. H. Taylor, Virginia, Virginia. The general committee then selected an executive committee to take charge of the organization of the

eastern colleges. The executive committee consists of:

C. Denby, Jr., Princeton. Chairman. E. E. Overdorf, Penn. State, Secretarv.

J. E. Flvnn, C. C. N. Y. W. R. Kiernan. Weslevan.

It was after six o'clock when the session ended and the delegates were able to enjoy a respite from their concentration.

At seven a delicious banquet was served. Mr. W. E. Stevenson of Princeton presided. At this time the resolutions were presented and adopted without a single dissenting voice and a copy signed by every delegate.

The Roselutions Drawn up at the Princeton Conference.

WHEREAS, the recent World War has demonstrated that future war would be a calamity whose econs quences are beyond all calculation; and

WHEREAS, the nations of the world, already impoverished by past wars and confronted by the urgent social and economic problems bred by war, have entered on an unprecedented scale into the race for military and naval supremacy, which makes for mutual distrust and war, rather than for mutual understanding and peace; and

WHEREAS, the cost of vast armaments prevent the diverting into constructive channels of money and energy sorely needed for the solution of the problems of peace; and

WHEREAS, the Government of the

United States, appreciating these facts has invited the powers to meet in conference at Washington, to discover means through which the Reduction and Limitation of Armaments by International Agreement may be realized, and to promote through amicable discussion universal good-will; and

WHEREAS, the college men for whom we speak have proven their devotion and loyalty in the past war, and the generation which we represent would in all probability bear the brunt of a future war.

THEREFORE. BE IT RESOLVED: THAT we, the representatives of 40 colleges and universities in conference assembled, do hereby express to the Government of the United States our unqualified approval of the course it has taken in summoning the Washington Conference and our entire sympathy with the purpose of the conference, pledging our faithful support to the United States delegates in their afforts to alleviate the burdens of war and the preparation for war, through mutual understanding and through World Reduction and Limitation of Armaments; and that we do hereby urge upon all delegates that their efforts shall not cease until some solution be found whereby the possibility of war may be minimized, and whereby at least a considerable portion of the vast amount of energy and money expended by the nations for armament may be released for the development rather than the destruction of civilization and the human race.

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLV-ED:

THAT it is the sense of the Intercollegiate Conference that the Washington Conference will not have attained its objectives without

(1) A settlement of the Far Eastern question based upon principles which will make practicable the reduction of naval armament.

(2) An agreenment to suspend all present programs for Naval Construction and to undertake no further expansion:

(3) An agreement to reduce substantially the present naval strength of the Nations concerned.

AND BE IT FURTHER RESOLV-ED:

THAT a copy of the above resolution be signed by each delegate here assembled, and dispatched forthwith to the President of the United States of America, and to representatives of the press for publication.

The company then adjourned to Alexander Hall where the meeting was thrown open to the public. President Hibben occupied the chair.

Colonel Franklin W. D'Olier, the first Commander of the American Legion was the first speaker of the Colonel D'Olier's address was brief and emphatic. He spoke for only five minutes but during that time deeply impressed upon his audience that ex-service men do not want war. This, he said can not be attributed to the fact that they are pacifists for they fought. Neither can they be accused of being dissatisfied at the results for they won. He hopes that the disarmament movement will grow as rapidly as did the American Legion.

Dr. Hibben then read the resolutions which had been adopted.

Major General John F. O'Ryan, famous as commander of the 27th Division then delivered a scholarly address in which he commented upon the apathy of the public concerning the question of the possibility of a future war. This he ascribed to two causes. First, the belief that a future war is impossible. Second, the belief that war is a necessary evil. Even now, at this very moment perhaps, he said, there are people who are planning how they are going to utilize you in the next war. He remarked that "One of war's firmest roots is the belief that man is a fighting animal." "Literal disarmament" he asserted, "is, of course, a dream," At best we can only hope for a limitation of armaments which will (1) lessen the financial strain and (2) lessen the probability of war.

ed the General, "you must do more than merely abolish the implements of war, you must destroy the root." "Armament becomes destructive only when used by man." "The emotionalism of man has played a great part in past wars, so to go to the heart of things it is necessary to go to the hearts of men.'

Three hundred years from now war will be a thing of the past. Even one hundred years from to-day civilized people will look upon war much the same as we look with horror at the actions of the Aztecs 400 years ago. If we will to do so we can bring this era of peace almost to the present day. General O'Rvan remarked that he could not understand how men could squabble over the small points of the League of Nations and disregard the fact that it was the first organization of its kind with enough power to act. (That stab nearly converted me to the Democratic Party.)

Mr. Vernon Kellogg, the next speaker, developed his subject with the feeling of a great humantarian and with the ability of a highly intellectual zoologist and scientist. Mr. Kellogg, who was for a long time head of the Belgian Relief Commission and who has just recently returned from travel in Poland, Russia, and the Balkans to take up his duties as head of the Council of Scientific Research in Washington, says that "Because of what I have seen, I hate war," "Limitation of Armaments or permanent disarmament is not synonymous with peace."

A nation's strength to-day lies in its resources in material, men, and money. The limitation of armaments will not make a nation helpless in time of war for modern warfare has become an economic struggle.

It is also a scientific struggle. "Ten chemists can offset ten hundred thousand men" declared Mr. Kellogg. "War is an economic and a scientific struggle to-day."

The limitation of armament is to reduce waste. Mr. Kellogg told how he was shown two wrecked Russian "If you are to eliminate war," declar- fortresses, one of which had cost 200

million rubles, the other 400 million rubles, and said, "Limitation of Armaments will lessen that waste." He furthermore declared that "I've terrific drain on Russia in building up armaments was a contributing cause to its condition to-day."

He then gave a very touching description to one place he visited where in one small room with no beds, with precious few rags for clothing, and with insufficient nourishment, 150 children were being cared for by three devoted women. And every morning a cart would draw away from the door filled with its load of little naked bodies—naked because even the rags were precious. Can we wonder after having been steeped for years in conditions such as these this man should hate war? Is it any wonder then that he should say "You must raise your voices, many of them, and loudly," bidding us, "Anticipate your responsibilities and begin them now," and again in that quiet, almost broken hearted voice. "* * * we must push and press all the time."

Mr. Kellogg read a clipping credited to an editorial in a German Swiss newspaper which pronounced the American attitude to be made up of 2-5 idealism, 1-5 business, 1-5 brutality to forward that business, and 1-5 ignorance. Does this not constitute a challenge to America to make the conference a success?

Speaking of the Washington conference Mr. Kellogg said, "If this conference is a failure, then it will be our own fault."

As the final speaker the conference had the great pleasure of listening to a banker, a business man, and a man prominent in public life. Mr. Dwight W. Morrow of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co.

In a sketchy history of the rise of man he told how we started out from very, very primitive beginnings when the family was the unit of social life. Every member of that group distrusted and warred upon all those not in his group and vice versa. Bye and bye, however, each began to see some good quality in the other and some one

instead of fighting went to a neighboring family and said, "Come, let us reason together," and agreements were reached. Thus did men learn to live amicably side by side.

Mr. Morrow compared the evolution of nations to the evolution of man, and declared that the time has now come when nations also must learn to live amicably side by side, in peace instead of in mutual distrust. "What! Nothing but a debating society?!! The whole principle of it is that we are going to talk about it instead of fighting about it!" were his electric words.

Then, again striking the keynote of his address he pleaded, "Come, now, let us reason together.'

In closing the meeting President Hibben remarked "It seems to me you have taken the first step * * * but only the first step." He summed up the idea of the whole conference when he declared, "The day has now come when group must understand group."

One attending the conference could not help but notice the carefulness with which it had been planned and executed. The program was so arranged that each speaker, emphasizing a different phase of the subject. contributed to make a pattern which was one concrete, harmonious, and impressive whole. A captain, a major, a colonel and a major-general; an economist, a financier, and a college president; a famous British educator and historian; a President of the United States and his Secretary of State; soldiers, citizens, and men in public life; groups and individuals: all here testified to the economic wastefulness, the horror, the insanity of war, and to the fact that we, the youth of the land, have a right to speak for our day and generation.

In closing, thanks to Princeton! It was her admirable foresight and unimpeachable hospitality, which, combined with the quiet, earnest enthusiasm of the delegates, made the conference a wonderfully inspiring event. and we hope a fruitful one.

ADMINISTRATION NOTES.

President Bell was the preacher at the University of the South on October 23, and at Wellesley College on November 6. He preached in our own chapel on October 30. The President also delivered an address on "Liberal Education and the Church" at the Synod of the Episcopal Church in the Province of the South on October 26.

It is reported in the daily press that the next Ambassador to Germany is to be one of our trustees, the Hon. Alanson B. Houghton, now Member of Congress. Mr. Houghton, who was for many years the president of the Corning Glass Company, has given the last few years entirely to public service. This has always been his desire. Before he entered business he spent a number of years in German universities, studying Economics. It is said that he has a more thorough knowledge of the writings of Karl Marx than any living American. In these earlier years he also helped Lord Bryce in the writing of "The American Commonwealth," and that author publicly expresses his thanks to Mr. Houghton in the preface to that work. Mr. Houghton is a member of the committee of our trustees which has in hand the raising of our half million dollars endowment.

An address made by President Bell last June at the University of Buffalo on "A Liberal Education and a Liberal Attitude of Mind" has just been published as one of the "University Studies" of that university. On examination of it we find that most of the address has been brought to our local attention through a series of sermons delivered last year in the Chapel.

The office reports that eighteen men have already been accepted as members of next year's entering class, subject of course to their completing their preparatory school work. A considerably larger number have been refused because of the impossibility of their reaching our academic and personal standards. Inasmuch as the class will be limited to forty men, it will be seen that early application tory for thirty men, to cost about fif-

of those thinking of coming is advisable. It is also said that the faculty is seriously considering, in view of the large number of applicants, making it hereafter impossible for any man to re-enter the year following a suspension for poor work. That would mean that if a man was once requested to leave he could have no chance of returning. Similar action has been taken in a number of other colleges this autumn.

Professor Lyford P. Edwards, Ph. D., has been put in charge of entertainment at the annual convention of the American Society of Sociologists. to be held in Pittsburg during the Christmas holidays.

HALF A MILLION BY JUNE.

The greatest forward step ever taken by St. Stephen's College has just been announced by the Board of Trustees, a half million dollar campaign to take place the last of next March and the first of next April. The intervening months are to be devoted to elaborate preparations and the months of April and May to finishing up the work. By Commencement Day it is confidently expected that the five hundred thousand dollars will be in hand.

The money has not as yet been allocated. The Messenger is just going to press as the contracts for publicity, etc., are being signed, and consequently many details will have to be announced in our next issue. It seems probable, however, that the allocation will be somewhat as follows:

- 1. Fifty-five thousand dollars to repay an old debt of many years standing which has been hindering us for years;
- 2. Forty-five thousand dollars to pay for the many improvements which have been made in our property and equipment, especially the library and the laboratories, during the past two years, and for the increases made in faculty salaries in the same period;
- 3. One hundred thousand dollars for new buildings, probably a dormi-

ty thousand dollars, and a building for lecture halls to cost about the same sum:

4. Three hundred thousand dollars for endowment of faculty salaries. The income from this would be fifteen thousand dollars per annum, which is about the sum of the raises in faculty salaries made in the past two years and to be made next year.

The arrangements have been put in the hands of the following committee of Trustees:

Mr. William J. Tully, LL. D., attorney, capitalist and prominent layman of the Episcopal Church, chairman;

Mr. Philip Dean, attorney and Treasurer of t heTrustees;

Mr. A. Hatfield, capitalist;

The Hon. Alanson B. Houghton, LL. D., M. C., President of the Corn-

ing Glass Company; Mr. Haley Fiske, LL. D., President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company and for a number of years head of the Finance Committee of this college.

An auxiliary committee of Alumni is being formed, headed by the Rev. Robert Wood of Tuxedo Park and Mr. Edward A. Sidman, President of the Alumni Association.

An extensive publicity campaign is the first step in the preparation which in addition to preparing for the money raising, will incidentally advertise very widely the merits of this institution.

Every step in the campaign will be under the direction of the most skilled firm in America for this sort of activity, a firm who planned and executed the Mount Holyoke College campaign, which has lately been highly successful, and is at present at work engineering the campaign of the University of Georgia for a million dollars. It is also the firm which is planning the million dollar drive for Williams College which will follow our own efforts.

Students and alumni may well rejoice that, for the first time, the financing of this College will be done on a large scale and with thorough and absolutely business-like efficiency.

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NEW FACES. Jean Torok.

Perhaps the most dramatic figure in our college life this year is the Reverend Jean Torok. Dr. Torok came to this country from Austria-Hungary where during the war he preached pacifism under the very noses of the Hapsburg dynasty. A long article in the New York Tribune dated Sunday, December 26, 1920, characterizes him as a fighting pacifist and declares that "his anti-German speeches to front line troops first got him into trouble" and that he "was under the ban of three successive regimes." He was thrown into prison several times for preaching brotherly love and peace. He is an anti-Bolshevist.

Dr. Torok has recently been received into the Anglican Communion from the Roman Catholic Church. When the war broke out Monsignor Torok was Professor of Canon Law in the Papal Greek Catholic College of St. Athanasius in Rome.

Dr. Torok received his education at the Universities of Budapest, Tubingen, Rome, and Kolozsvar. Dr. Torok occupies the chair of Associate Professor of Political Science and is Instructor in European Languages.

ARCHIE WILLOUGHBY HENZELL

Dr. Henzell, our new Associate Professor of Physics, was born in Wales and received his earlier education in the famous Wyggeston School in Leicester, the Borough Polytechnic Institute in London, and the University College in Liverpool where he received his B. S. degree. He received his M. S. degree from the State School of Mines in Oklahoma. Dr. Henzell is a member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers.

Dr. Henzell spent five years in China, during three of which he was in the service of the old Chinese government. He witnessed the Chinese Revolution in 1912 and when threatened by revolutionary mobs around the college in which he held a professorship, refused to leave his post.

During the Great War Dr. Henzell saw service with the Canadian Expeditionary Force. Due to physical disability he was compelled to abandon such strenuous service. He received his discharge and came to Philadelphia where he was made Educational Aide in the U.S. Navy Yard and subsequently Chemical Inspector of Ordinance for the U.S. Army.

During 1920 and 1921 he was Professor of Mathematics at Pennsyl-

vania Military College.

JAMES ARTHUR MULLER.

Dr. Muller, our new Associate Professor of History, is a Philadelphian of Swiss descent. He received the degree of A. B. from Princeton, A.M. from Harvard, B. D. from the Cambridge Theological School, and for two years held a travelling fellowship from the Cambridge School, studying in Europe at the Universities of London, Leipsig and Marburg. He took his Ph. D. in History at Princeton (magna cum laude) in 1915.

During the long illness and convalescence of Dr. Henry Bradford Washburn, of the Cambridge Theological School, in 1914-1917, Dr. Muller took Dr. Washburn's place in the chair of Church History at Cambridge. At this time Dr. Muller was called to the professorship of Ecclesiasical History at the University of the South, at Sewanee, but was unable to accept, because of Dr. Washburn's continued illness. On Dr. Washburn's recovery, Dr. Muller became Professor of History at Boone University, Wuchang, China.

Since his return from the Orient he has lectured widely on China, and written articles on various phases of Far Eastern life for The Nation, Asia, and The National Geographic Magazine. He has, however, devoted most of his time to research in the Tudor period of English History, and is now completing a biography of Stephen Gardiner, Bishop of Winchester in the reigns of Henry VIII, Edward VI, and Queen Mary. Bishop Gardiner was the leader of the reactionary forces during these reigns, and the story of his life involves a study of the English Reformation as viewed and opposed by contemporary conservatism. The book will be ready for publication before the end of the year.

Mrs. Muller (G. Lindh Muller, M. D.) is a graduate of Barnard College, and of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University. She is at present holding an internship at the Presbyterian Hospital in New York City.

LIONELL C. STRONG.

Dr. Strong, who succeeds Dr. Whiting as Associate Professor of Biology, comes to us with an excellent record. He received his degree of B. S. from Allegheny College in 1917, graduating magne cum laude. This achievement gained for him membership in Phi Beta Kappa.

From 1918 to 1921 he did graduate work in biology at Columbia University where he majored in genetics and where in 1921 he received the degree of Ph. D.

He held the John D. Jones scholarship for three years.

Though still a young man, Dr. Strong is an experienced teacher. He has taught in Allegheny College, Clearfield High School (Penna.), Long Island Medical School (Columbia Extension), Columbia University, and Columbia College.

He spent one year as honorary research assistant in Genetics for the Carnegie Institute of Washington at Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island.

Dr. Strong is the author of a great many biological works, his latest one which is now in press being entitled, "A Genetic Analysis of the Factors Underlying Succeptibility to Transplantable Tumors."

In recognition of his excellent work Dr. Strong has been elected Research Assistant in the Crocker Laboratory, which is connected with Columbia University. He has been working with the strain of mice that Madame Curie took back to France with her.

MRS. C. L. KUYK.

Mrs. Kuyk, who succeeds Mrs. Franklin as Dietician and House Manager, comes to us from Richmond. Virginia, the home city of the late Miss Southern. It will interest those who knew Miss Southern to hear that Mrs. Kuyk was her personal friend and that it was largely through a mutual friend of both that she comes to St. Stephen's. Mrs. Kuyk is a graduate government dietician. She was for thirteen years connected in a reportorial capacity with the "News Leader" and has been for two years in social service work in the Virginia Industrial School. She is Secretary and Treasurer of the Daughters of the King in the Diocese of Virginia. Mrs. Kuyk is the widow of the Reverend C. R. Kuyk, rector of St. John's Church -Patrick Henry's old church-and the Church of the Epiphany. We can truly say that in the short time she has been with us Mr. Kuvk has won the hearts of all.

MISS GRACE A. LITTELL.

Miss Littell, our new Assistant Librarian, comes to us from the General Theological Seminary in New York where she has served faithfully and well for over ten years as Assistant Librarian. We wonder how the General can get along without her for in her work here she is not only a grace to the library but a very present help in time of trouble. Miss Littell fills a long-felt want here.

In Public Speaking.

Mr. Fowler: "What's your idea of a speech, Runnels?"

Runnels: "I think it should be like a woman's dress, sir, short enough to make it interesting and long enough to cover the subject."

Father: "Your English isn't very good, son."

Student: "I only spend half of my time in the billiard room."

THROUGH THE CAMPUS WINDOW 1924-1925.

When someone was telling Mrs. Johnson about the songfest on Sunday evening, October 2nd, she, with the insight of a medium who knows not what she says, asked, "Oh, and do they teach you to sing here, too?" The freshmen did not realize that this was to be until it was all over. Not to mention the American folk-dance. The men herded in the basement of the gymnasium, with the same spirit that led the Titanic victims to sing "Nearer My God, To Thee," bravely gave vent to the songs they were soon to sing, under different circumstances. But as it was said that the noise confused their less fortunate brothers they were forced to suffer in silence. When each man's turn came he went bravely forth to be instructed in beats without rests, and the intricacy of the can-can. The songsters had little chance to paddle their own canoe even if they had wished it and they were carefully escorted to their rooms feeling a little sore. The affair was voted, by the sophomores, a success.

On the evening of Sunday, September 18, the sophomore class tendered an informal reception to the class of 1925. Old clothes were the order of the evening and, strange to say, the freshmen provided most of the amusement. The reception was a warm one and at times became boisterous when some of the younger members of the party became noisy. It is rumored that some of the neighbors in Red Hook and Madalin heard the disturbance, but this has been forcefully denied by the guests. Although the evening's activity had little variety there was at no time any feeling of ennui and the consensus of opinion is that a cracking good time was had by

A woodpecker sat on a freshman's (Bessem's) Head, And settled there to drill. He drilled away for half a day, And finally broke his bill.

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Eulexian Notes.

Despite the fact that Eulexian celebrated its Sixty-first Anniversary on October 8, the Active Chapter, now composed of Golding, Fisher, Leonhard, Andrews, Everett, Gifford, Lewis, and Smith, wishes to report that it is still a smooth-shaven youngster without a long gray beard, even more hale and hearty than a couple of years

H. A. Donovan is now studying at the Virginia Theological Seminary, Alexandria, Virginia. He is much missed here, as are R. C. Hubbs, now at Swarthmore College, and D. W. Edwards, now at the University of Pittsburg.

William Henry Cole, Charles Waldo MacLean, John Henry Phillips, Norman Crawford Shippey, Gilbert Marion Smith, Roy Webber, Edwin Derry Stowell, and Frederick Hobart Walker are now wearing the Eulexian pledge button—but they don't know what's coming next.

Pumpkin pie and cider! Needless to say the cider was sweet which was served to the new members of the Faculty who were at the Bungalow for a social evening on October 28. Those present were Mrs. Kuyk, Father and Mrs. McDonald, Dr. and Mrs. Strong, Miss Rollins, Miss Littell, Dr. Muller, Dr. Torok, the Active Chapter, and Neophytes. Hallowe'en decorations.

S. A. E. Notes.

New York Sigma-Phi Chapter of Sigma Alpha Epsilon is at last the proud possessor and occupant of its own house. It is a big asset and promises to be the center of many future pleasant events.

The house was formally opened with the "Pledge" banquet on Sunday evening, October ninth. The following Tuesday these pledges wore the purple and gold with the pledge "diamond" in their lapels: Fred. Allen. Fred L. Bennett, J. H. Coffin, Schuyler V. Crunden, Vine V. Deloria, and K. Brent Woodruff.

K. G. X. Notes.

Archibald Judd and Hooper Reynolds Shaw became members of Kappa Gamma Chi on Friday, November The initiation banquet took place Friday evening at the fraternity house.

LECTURE OF DR. GUTHRIE QUOTED IN NEW YORK HERALD

On the evening of Monday, October 17, Dr. William Norman Guthrie, rector of the church of St. Mark-in-the-Bowrie entertained the college community with a novel and in some respects amazing talk taking for his subject the Hako Worship of the American Indian. He presented an interesting phase of the Red Man's life, gave an entirely new interpretation of his tragic story, and finally illustrated some of the beautiful and noble phases of the native religion of that race. The knowledge of these ceremonies, sealed and hidden from the white man for centuries, was finally, only recently revealed by an aged Indian Chief. The lecturer pointed out reasons for the destruction of the Indian civilization and incidentally declared that our own was on the verge of falling beneath its own weight. In connection with this part of the lecture. The Herald quotes Dr. Guthrie as saying that, "civilization has to all practical purposes disappeared from the City of New York. To retain moral standards while living there one must be a genius or one who had had moral predjudices thoroughly inculcated in youth. Even the standards of decency have disappeared.

Politically the city is decadent because all sense of social responsibility has passed from most of the people who are content to be governed by a group of Irishmen manipulating Hebrew votes."

The reason for New York's decadence from Dr. Guthrie's view is that the city is too big, violating the Greek ideal of a city just large enough so that every one was known and that

moral safeguards are removed so that a man may live here with the feeling that nobody knows him or cares what he does. Applying the same principle to other cities the lecturer declared that the cities crush out their human instincts and make the people mere parts of an aggregate which constitutes a real danger to the survival of America.

Religiously the old parochial idea has vanished from the city. There are no parishes nor family churches. The religious worker must appeal nowadays to special groups through skillfully designed publicity or else reach no one at all. The unnatural life of the average New Yorker whose living conditions cramp and thwart his normal human feelings and activities has produced a race of people incompetent to see those simple cosmic realities involved in the sun, the moon, the stars, the fields, and the woods.

THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

On October 3, 1921, the Convocation of Undergradutes in meeting assembled accepted the new Constitution. The need of having the old Constitution revised and codified had been long felt but it remained to the recent committee on revision to translate the need into an accomplishment. And, largely due to Mr. Harry H. Turney-High's legal ability, it was made an accomplishment. The Convocation acknowledged the excellent work of the committee in a vote of thanks.

The Deacon was fast asleep and the parson said: "Brother Ezra will lead us in prayer." Ezra heard nothing.

Louder—"Brother Ezra will lead us in prayer!" Ezra slept on.

Then in a shriek—"Brother Ezra will lead us in prayer!!!

Ezra half waked up and dropping his jaw muttered, "You lead. I just dealt."

The three greatest mysteries of this world are love, women and hash. The greatest of these is—hash.

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Cuthbert Fowler, '01.

It is a tradition with the Messenger to have a column with the above heading. There was usually little or nothing under the heading, but the editors kept it set up in type in case they wanted to use it. The reorganized Messenger announces its intention of preserving all its traditions. And so, brother alumni, here is the 'colyum' as usual. The editors have asked me to conduct it during good behavior. What they want me to do with it I don't know, but I can tell you this—if I haven't any news about the alumni for the next issue I am going to make up some. I don't care what I do to your good names and reputations, but I am going to fill that col-

Beyond the fact that A. J. Wilson, the genial secretary of the Alumni Association, has achieved another son, registered for St. Stephen's in 1938, there seems to be nothing for the alumni editor to chronicle in this issue.

Doubtless the dearth of alumni news is due to one of two causes: either the modesty of those who don't think their doings are worth talking about, or the absence of any Bureau of Intelligence or special editor of the Messenger in whom to confide. The second of these causes is now removed; the Alumni Editor is authorized to pay return postage on all rejected manuscript submitted to him. Now, alumni, if you will only remove the other cause, we will produce an alumni page that will make Who's Who look like a voting list.

A limited amount of space will be reserved for you till two weeks before the next issue goes to press.

There are a few questions we would like to put to every alumnus and former student:

- 1. Do you belong to the Alumni Association? You probably know that action was taken a year ago opening up the membership to any alumnus and former student. It is only through some such organization that the college can keep in touch with its alumni. You ought to send your name to Rev. A. J. M. Wilson, Millbrook, N. Y., if you are not already a member.
- 2. Speaking of touch, do you support the college Athletic Association? What is a college without its athletics? Football cost money. The excellent condition of the basketball court in the new gym. does not relieve the boys of the necessary expenses connected with the game. Then again, do you support the Association and college athletics generally by other interest than financial? If you want to see your college grow you must support her athletic life. As an alumnus on the campus I can't help noticing how much this support is needed, and how little it is given.
- 3. When were you on the campus last? We like to see the Old Grad around once in a while. If he is free with advice to the undergraduates, he is generally free with his cigarettes also, so the students break even.
- 4. Do you subscribe to the Messenger? (This is a delicate and very intimate question, but we would like to know.)

But from the point of view of the news department there are other questions, too, which we would like to ask, for the sake of hungry readers eager for news of what is doing in the St. Stephen's world.

We would like to ask what you are doing, and why? Have you entered upon a new line of work lately? We would like to hear about it. Some of your classmates might like to know

even where you are.

Have you written a new book? The faculty might be interested. Have you put a new protective device for tires on the market? Hosts of motorists might be interested. Have you got every last man in your parish interested in the Nation Wide Campaign? Lots of people would like to know how you did it.

Then, lastly, the editor would like to hear more about the activities of local groups of St. Stephen's men. Wherever there are two or three St. Stephen's men within a radius of a hundred miles of each other there is a tendency to form a local alumni association. So, secretaries of such, will you please run an extra carbon sheet when you write up the minutes, and send us a little account of your meetings?

Altogether, it looks as though the Alumni Page in the next issue of the Messenger might be quite a feature. But will it? Alumni, that is up to you.

We feel that a big addition has been made to our staff when Mr. Fowler was induced to become Alumni Editor. This was done for you. An easy way to show your appreciation is to send in your subscription to help a publication that is trying to help you.

Have you heard of our prize we call SAM?

On occasions he's as meek as a lamb; But he's sure full of pep, Has a wonderful rep,

And when asked who is great says—
"I AM."

Minutes of the Annual Meeting of the Alumni Association of Saint Stephen's College, Annandale-on-the-Hudson, N. Y., June, 1921.

Sixty-First Commencement of the College.

The Annual Corporate Celebration of the Holy Communion for Alumni and Former Students took place in the College Chapel at 8:00 a. m., Commencement Day, June 14th, 1921, the the Celebrant being the Reverend Robert S. W. Wood, 1889, assisted by the Reverend Charles A. Jessup, D.D., 1882.

The Fifty-fourth Annual Meeting of the Alumni Association of the College was called to order at 10:30 a.m. by the President of the Association in the new College Gymnasium. At the Roll Call the following members responded to their names:

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sponded to their names:
1876-Reverend P. McD. Bleecker.
1876-Reverend J. K. Herron.
1878-Reverend H. B. Whitney.
1879—Reverend F. B. Reazor.
1882—Reverend C. A. Jessup.
1882-Reverend Robert MacKellar.
1883--Reverend W. Holden.
1883-Mr. Arthur Rose.
1885-Reverend E. B. Smith.
1886-Reverend D. S. Hamilton.
1887--Mr. T. E. Galloway.
1889—Mr. Keble Dean.
1889—Reverend R. S. W. Wood.
1890-Mr. Leon D. Bonnet.
1890-Reverend W. Meldrum.
 892-Mr. J. M. Blackwell.
1893—Reverend F. C. Steinmetz.
1894—Right Rev. Robert H. Mize.
1895-Reverend Thomas Worrall.
1896—Reverend Albert L. Longley.
1897—Reverend Leopold Kroll.
1898—Reverend H. S. Hastings.
1898-Reverend A. M. Judd.
1898—Reverend C. A. Roth.
1899—Reverend C. S. Champlin.
1899—Mr. E. A. Sidman.
1900—Reverend H. L. Stoddard.
1901-Reverend Cuthbert Fowler.
1901-Very Reverend O. F. R. Tredor.
1904—Dr. George S. Silliman.
1906—Rev. W. J. Gardner.
1907-Rev. F. H. Simmonds.
1909—Mr. A. F. Blaum.
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1910—Rev. C. H. L. Ford.

1911—Rev. Elwyn Spear.

1913-Rev. G. D. Barr.

1910—Rev. E. J. Hopper. 1910—Rev. J. A. Springsted.

1911—Rev. C. E. Eder. 1911—Rev. Wm. T. Sherwood.

1914—Rev. C. S. Armstrong. 1914—Rev. A. J. M. Wilson. 1914-Mr. Ernest M. Pennett. 1916-Mr. Car. P. Coffin. 1916-Rev. D. H. Morse. 1916-Rev. Grieg Tabor. 1917—Rev. Frank Heal. 1917-Mr. George Spitzli. 1917—Mr. Lloyd Charters. 1918—Rev. Mr. Adams. 1918—Rev. L. Steele. 1919-Mr. Harry Stretch. 1919—Mr. A. N. Keedwell. 1919—Mr. A. L. Wood. 1919—Mr. Lounsbury. 1920-Mr. Walter Hoffman. 1920 Mr. G. W. Pffako. Reverend Mr. Burlingham. Reverend J. F. Hamblin. Reverend Alfred Hill. Reverend Charles E. McCoy. Reverend Francis V. R. Moore. Reverend George S. Mullen. Reverend Olaf G. Olson. Reverend Charles C. Quin. Mister H. Smith.

The Minutes of the Fifty-Third Annual Meeting were read for the information of the members.

The Necrologist reported the death of the following men:

The Reverend Josiah M. Neifert, 1892. The Reverend Cyrus O. Tillotson, 1874. The Reverend Daniel R. Judd, 1890. Mr. Louis F. Moore, 1885.

The Reverend John S. Moody, 1872. The Reverend William Cunningham Rodgers, D. D., President of the College, 1909-

Prayers were offered at this juncture by the President.

Immediately after prayers it was moved seconded and carried that the names of those who have departed this life during the year be read at the Annual Corporate Celebration of the Holy Communion in the College Chapel.

The President of the Association had no formal report to present.

Neither had the Executive Committee.

A communication was read from the Treasurer, the Reverend S. Wolcott Linsley enclosing his financial report for the year, and tendering his resignation which was accepted with regret.

It was moved, seconded and carried that The Treasurer's Annual Report be referred to an Auditing Committee, the same to be accepted if found correct. The Chair appointed Messrs



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Hamblin and Sherwood to audit the statements, who reported that same were correct, the balance on hand being \$223.00.

The Report of the Alumni Scholarship Fund Committee showed a sum on hand of \$1,735.61, not including today's offering at the service in the College Chapel. It was moved, seconded and carried that the Committee be empowered to invest at their discretion with a view to obtaining the best rate of interest compatible with safety. (To the amount of \$1,735.61) will be added six months interest at 4% per annum in July).

The Gymnasium Fund Committee made its final report and was discharged with the warm thanks of the Association for its services. The report is as follows:

Account.

Total amount collected, including interest on mortgage and bond and on daily bank bal-.....\$5,160.50 November 5th, 1920, Paid to

College Treasurer by assignment of guaranteed mort-November 5th, 1920, Paid to

College Treasurer by cheque....\$1,600.00 June 10th, 1921, Paid to College Treasurer by cheque....

Total \$5,160.60

Your Committee has also delivered to the Treasurer of the College pledges totalling \$25.00 which the Committee has tried unsuccessfully to collect.

The work has been handled without expense to the fund.

Respectfully submitted, EDWARD A. SIDMAN, Chairman ALBERT L. LONGLEY. CHARLES S. ARMSTRONG.

The following members were proposed, seconded and elected to serve as Directors for the ensuing year: Messrs. Tredor, Holden, Sidman, Wilson, Hamilton, MacKellar, Fowler, Ford, Eder. From those the following nominations were made for offi-

Mr. E. A. Sidman was nominated for President for the year 1921-1922. The Reverend D. S. Hamilton, D. D., for Vice President for the year 1921-1922.

The Reverend A. J. M. Wilson, for Sec-

The Reverend Cuthbert Fowler, for Treasurer.

There being no other candidates before the house the Secretary was instructed to cast one ballot for these men and the President declared them elected.

Mr. Eder declining to serve it was moved, seconded and carried that we return to elections.

Mr. Probst was elected to take Mr. Eder's place by unanimous vote.

Mr. Probst was nominated to serve as Director of the Executive Committee and there being no other candidate before the house the Secretary was instructed to cast one ballot for Mr. Probst and the Chair declared him elected.

It was moved, seconded and carried that the sum of \$2.00 be paid Mr. Whitney for printing two hundred copies of the application blanks.

Resolved, that the President and Board of Trustees be notified by the Secretary that it is the sense of the Alumni Association that it would be to the advancement of the interest of the College, and more convenient for the Alumni if Commencement Exercises be held on Wednesday. Carried.

The President, the Reverend Robert W. S. Wood, addressed the members re the necessity of increasing the Alumni Scholarship Fund, and putting the same into working effect at once. Recently he had sent out a letter asking the members to subscribe five dollars per annum for four years so as to assure the President of the College of two scholarships of \$500.00 each for the next academic year. The response had been rather satisfactory up to the time of the meeting. Immediately after the members who had not subscribed began coming forward to the Chair with their subscriptions. These had not all been totalled when we adjourned and a fuller account will be presented later.

Mr. Gilbert M. Smith was nominated to be the holder of the first scholarship. Carried unanimously.

Mr. Wood of the undergraduate body addressed the Association on the necessity of closer cooperation between the Athletic Association and the Alumni. On motion made and seconded Dean Tredor was elected Alumni Manager of the Athletic Association.

The "College Messenger" was voted seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) by the Association the Business Manager of the same to see that every Alumnus and Former Student receive a copy of the number with the Commencement proceedings and these minutes in same.

The Secretary of the Association was allowed \$40.00 for his expenses.

Moved, seconded and carried that Mr. Whitney be authorized to print three hundred (300) copies of the amended Constitution and By-Laws, the Treasurer of the Association to reimburse him for so doing.

Moved, seconded and carried that the Convocation of Undergraduates be requested to appoint a Publicity Agent who shall see that notices of the collegiate activities be sent regularly to the Press.

A long discussion ensued re non-society men becoming officers of the Association. On it being announced that a deputation of the College Trustees were waiting to be received by the Association it was moved, seconded and carried that the discussion be closed.

The deputation of the Board of Trustees was received by the members standing. Mr. Tully who had been appointed spokesman by the Board addressed the members fully and frankly in regard to the financial status of the College. He informed us that \$100,000.00 was needed before the close of the next academic year, and that if the sum were not realized we should be compelled to close our doors. His object in addressing the Alumni Association was to ask the members to appoint a Committee who should draw up a scheme of action whereby the Alumni could cooperate effectively with the Board of Trustees in raising the necessary amount. Mr. Tully also told us how very keenly interested Bishop Manning was in the

welfare of the College and that he was most eager to help in every way possible, that the Bishop had suggested to the Board that they prepare a strong statement as to the condition of the College, and he would obtain the signatures of the other Bishops of the Second Province, and have the letter sent broadcast to church people.

As a result of Mr. Tully's address the following proposals were made, seconded and carried unanimously:

That the Reverend Robert S. W. Wood, 1889, be appointed Chairman of a Committee which he himself shall choose to cooperate with the Board of Trustees in financing Saint Stephen's College.

That the Secretary of the Association be instructed to write the Bishop of New York expressing the Association's warmest appreciation for his interest in the College, and wishing him Godspeed in his new and great work.

The President of the Association addressed the members on the necessity of their designating at least part of their parochial quotas on the Nation Wide Campaign to Saint Stephen's College.

The hour being well advanced it was moved, seconded and carried that the reading of the minutes be dispensed with.

The Secretary announced the appointment of the Reverend Olan G. Olsen as Assistant Secretary for the ensuing year.

It was moved, seconded and carried that we adjourn.

ALBERT J. M. WILSON.

Secretary.
The following men made application to the Secretary for membership in

the Association:
The Venerable Alexander McMillan,
Mr. Ernest M. Bennett, 1914, Mr.
James L. Whitcomb, Reverend David
H. Clarkson, Henry J. Saunders, 1921,
Edmund B. Wood, 1921, Hollis W.
Colwell, 1921.

Note:—As there was no June Messenger of last year this was the first opportunity of printing these minutes.—Editor,

HEARD FROM THE HILL.

A Ballad of Childe Harolde.

"Oh, mother, may I go to bed?"
"Yes my son, you oughter.
Hang your pajams on the lyre tree,
But soak them first in water."

"Twill give my poor pajams the blues, If I soak them first with water."
"Well, if you don't the sophomores will,
And if they don't, they oughter."

It is well for the appearance of the campus that there are not too many literal minded, helpful beings wandering around loose. They might have

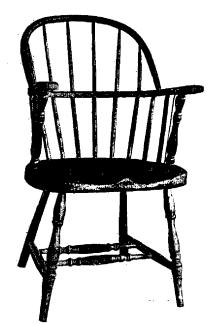
read the President's notice in regard to complaints about refuse.

There are many ways of fighting the demon jazz and the Salvation Army has tried it many times, but who would have thought that, even in the unusual freedom and liberality of this episcopal community, would have appeared Ensigns Randolph and Richey to carry on the good work? Come on, brothers, join the army of the Lord! (Applications will be received at the rooms of either of the two named.)

Father MacDonald seems to be a man whose faith remains stable under almost any circumstances, but to have two of the Freshmen whose marks were among the highest on the Intelligence Test go snipe hunting, would be enough of a blow to disintegrate the belief of any man in all such mind meters.

The scarecrow at the Hallowe'en party had just been hit on the head by a piece of pumpkin of no small size. With a polite bow to his assailant he turned to some bystanders and said, "Why is Coffin well named?" When all had given it up he answered, "Because he is such a sad case!" and made a hasty exit.

"Leaves of absence the Professor muses as he turns the pages of his roll-book.—Punch Bowl.



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Library.

To all who make use of the library must be apparent the great changes which have taken place since the new librarian, Miss Lytell, has taken charge. Now it is possible to get a desired book by simply finding the proper number in the catalogue, instead of searching hectically through all the stacks, and then not being able to find it.

Some of the men do not seem to realize the unusually large and complete library they have at their disposal and it would be well worth their while to get acquainted with it. The library hours are:

Week days: 10 a.m. until noon. 3 to 5 p. m. 7 to 10 p. m. Sundays 7 to 10 p. m.

Chapel Announcement.

A meeting, unique in many of its aspects, is held each Sunday in the College Chapel during the hour preceeding Evensong. Several men, feeling the need, and realizing the power of intercessory prayer, have formed themselves into a group, the object of which is to intercede for others, especially for the sick and suffering. These meetings are well planned and orderly. A place is given on the program for discussions on various phases of the work and these have proved mutually helpful and inspiring. Hymns, scripture reading and silent prayer go to make up the program. There is no permanent leader, but each week there is a rotation of leadership thus giving all an active part.

The results of the intercessions have been so very encouraging, and the need of such work throughout the Church is felt to be so great, that the group is anxious that all have the opportunities offered them both of aiding others and of deepening their own spiritual life by sharing in this work. No dues or obligations of membership of any sort are required, but merely a genuine interest in the objects which the group is striving after.

Each week a notice is placed on the Beam," by Harris Hall.

Dining Commons Bulletin Board stating the hour of the meeting and the topic under discussion. Watch for these notices, and come out to the meetings. You will be cordially welcomed.

St. Andrew's Club Begins Active Work.

Beginning October 1, St. Andrew's Club of St. Stephen's entered upon earnest work in carrying out an active program for the year, 1921-22. The Club is an organization with an aim purely spiritual, and is open to all students of the College. It is not a chapter of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, as many believe, but is, nevertheless, based upon the great rules of the Brothernood, prayer and service. The Club meets every Saturday night at eight o'clock in the College Chapel, and these meetings are conducted by the president and vice-president, alternately. The speakers are chosen from the student body. On the Saturday night previous to the third Sunday, one of the clergy is chosen to lead the preparation for the corporate communion of the Club which is held the following morning. The following were elected officers for the year 1921-22: Samuel H. Sayre, president; Lawson Willard, first vice-president; Alan H .Tongue, second vicepresident, and Harris Hall, secretary. Following is the schedule of speakers and subjects through December.

October 1, "Real Service," by Lawson Willard.

October 8, "Making it clear to ourselves what we are working for," by Alan Tongue.

October 15, "Preparation for Corporate Communion," by Rev. John M. S. McDonald.

October 22, "Strengthening the Stakes," by Samuel Sayre.

October 29, "The Mote and the

THE MESSENGER

November 5. "Ideals." by Grant Noble.

November 12, "Common Mistakes," by Clarence Brickman.

November 19, "Preparation for Corporate Communion." by Rev. A. W. Henzell.

November 26, "Sympathy with widely different Types," by Earnest Runnells.

December 3, "Habits," by Brent Woodruff.

December 10, "Methods of Prayer," by John Lyte.

DRAMATICS.

The Dramatic Club held its first meeting of this semester on October eighteenth, at which time general plans were made for the coming season. It was decided to begin work as soon as possible on a program consisting of three one-act plays, two of which have been tentatively selected: A 47 Workshop play, "The Good Men Do," by Hubert Osborne, and "The Medicine Show," by Stuart Walker. Owing to the difficulty of conducting rehearsals during football season, however, work will probably not begin in earnest until the latter part of November.

Try-outs held October eighteenth, at which an abundance of material turned up. Crunden, Donegan, Woodruff, Lown, H. Phillips, Leonhauser, Shrigley, and Sayre were the candidates making the best showing. With these additions, the very small number of men who were members of the club last year are looking forward to a decidedly successful season.

Shrig: Why is a bankrupt like a paperhanger?

Kolb: I don't know.

Shrig: Because they both go to the wall.

WITH THE OTHER COLLEGES.

Leslie Baker, star pitcher for the U. S. Naval Academy two years ago, has entered Union as a member of the class of 1924. He will be debarred from pitching because of the one year rule in force at Union.

Williams plans to establish a "Williams-in-China" in the city of Soochow. An intensive campaign to raise money will be started this fall.

The Colgate musical clubs are to have their first concert tour at Thanksgiving time. They will give concerts at Albany, New York, Elizabeth, and Tarrytown.

Fall baseball practice has been started at Cornell for the first time in the history of that institution, and already about fifty men have reported to Coach Carney. With the exception of those playing football all the members of last year's varsity squad are out, and an effort is being made to give each one of those men as much individual coaching as possible in preparation for the spring season.

UNDER THE LYRE TREE.

Student: "What is the difference between an opera and an overture?"

Prof. of Music: "What is the difference between a cathedral and a bowling alley?".

1st Stude: "The last chapel bell is ringing."

2nd Stude: "Can't go, I have to study Bib. Lit."

McHenery: I'm a stenographer in a livery stable.

Bessem: Why, How's that?

McHenery: I take down hav for the

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Prof: Hall. what is a vacuum? Hall: I have it in my head but I cannot express it.

"After me the deluge," chuckled Noah as he shoved Mrs. Noah in the ark.

Ames: When I graduate I expect to make a hundred dollars per.

Myers: Per what? Ames: Per-haps.

Red: How can I drive a nail without smashing my fingers?

Don: Hold the hammer in both hands.

Bessom—"Did the fisherman have frogs legs?"

Petshelt—"I don't know, he had pants on."



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There drifts across the moon a lonely cloud
That leaves the snow-waste, for the moment, dark;
And hides the spectral spruces, standing stark,
In clinging sheet of grey, like mouldy shroud.
Then softly glides across the piney strings
A bow that has the touch of falling snows,
And from the forest's heart there slowly goes
A song to which the singer vainly clings.

It slowly—surely—climbs into the skies,
Its passion growing as it leaves the earth,
Till in the void between the stars it dies,
And falling to the forest waits new birth.
To distant mountain tops an echo clings,
And through a clump of pines a something rings—